

Which U.S. Population Groups Experience Cancer Health Disparities?

According to the National Cancer Institute (NCI), cancer health disparities are adverse differences in cancer such as the number of new cases and deaths, cancer-related health complications, quality of life after cancer treatment, financial burden, screening rates, and stage at diagnosis that are shouldered by certain population groups including:

Individuals belonging to certain ancestry, racial or ethnic minority



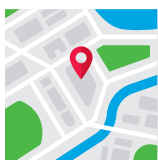
Individuals of low socioeconomic status



Individuals who lack or have limited health insurance coverage



Residents in certain geographic locations, including rural areas



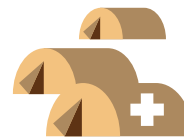
Individuals belonging to sexual and gender minorities



Immigrants



Refugees or asylum seekers



Individuals with disabilities



Adolescents and young adults (AYA)



Older adults

