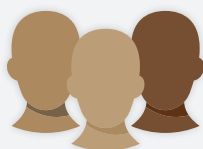


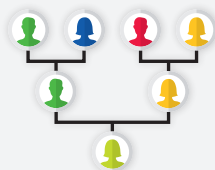
WHICH U.S. POPULATION GROUPS EXPERIENCE CANCER HEALTH DISPARITIES?

According to the National Cancer Institute (NCI), cancer health disparities are adverse differences in cancer such as the number of new cases and deaths, cancer-related health complications, quality of life after cancer treatment, financial burden, screening rates, and stage at diagnosis that are shouldered by certain U.S. population groups including:

Racial and ethnic minority groups



Individuals of different ancestry



Individuals of low socioeconomic status



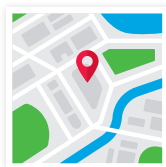
Individuals with disabilities



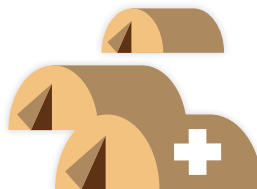
Individuals who lack or have limited health insurance coverage



Residents in certain geographic locations, including rural areas



Refugees or asylum seekers



Immigrants



Members of the lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender community



Adolescents and young adults (AYA)



Elderly

