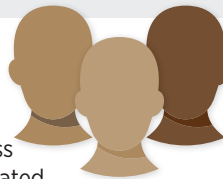


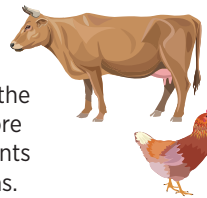
DISPARITIES IN CANCER TREATMENT

Research is constantly powering the development of new cancer treatments. However, several segments of the population have been found to be disproportionately less likely to receive recommended cancer treatments. Examples of these disparities include:

Patients with localized, nonmetastatic pancreatic cancer who are African American are 24 percent less likely to have the cancer treated with surgery compared with whites.



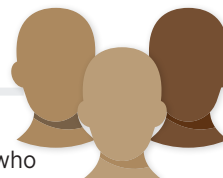
Patients with rectal cancer who live in rural areas are 42 percent less likely to receive the recommended radiation before surgery compared with patients who live in metropolitan areas.



Patients with early-stage non-small cell lung cancer who lack health insurance are 46 percent less likely to receive standard postsurgery radiotherapy and/or chemotherapy compared with those who have private health insurance.



Patients with multiple myeloma who are African American are 31 percent less likely to receive the molecularly targeted therapeutic bortezomib (Velcade) compared with those who are white.



Patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer who are African American are 13 percent less likely to be treated with immunotherapy compared with those who are white.