

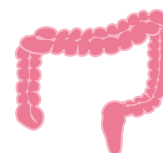
CDC CANCER PREVENTION AND CONTROL PROGRAMS

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)'s Cancer Prevention and Control Programs are in every state and play an essential role in the prevention, detection, and treatment of cancer.

Since its inception in 1991, the National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program has helped low-income, uninsured, and underinsured women gain access to screening, diagnostic, and treatment services. In 2017, the program provided breast cancer screening to nearly 286,000 women, diagnosing about 2,500 invasive breast cancers and 765 premalignant lesions before they turned into cancer. The program also provided cervical cancer screening to nearly 139,000 women, diagnosing around 170 invasive cancers and 6,000 premalignant lesions.



The Colorectal Cancer Control Program was established in 2015 to increase colorectal cancer screening rates. It currently includes 541 clinics that serve nearly 1 million patients ages 50 to 75, including many uninsured patients. Clinics that have participated since the program's inception have increased screening rates by 8.3 percent.



Since 1998, the National Comprehensive Cancer Control Program has provided funding and technical advice to all 50 states, the District of Columbia, seven U.S. Associated Pacific Islands and Territories, and eight tribes and tribal organizations to help them design and implement cancer control plans. The program focuses on issues such as prevention, early detection and treatment, survivorship, and health disparities.



The National Program of Cancer Registries (NPCR) supports 46 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Pacific Island Jurisdictions, and the U.S. Virgin Islands, to collect data on cancer occurrence, type of treatment, and outcomes. NPCR cancer registries collect and process more than 1.7 million new cancer cases annually.



The Cancer Prevention and Control Research Network is a network of academic, public health, and community partners who conduct community-based cancer research. A collaboration between CDC and NCI, the network aims to reduce the burden of cancer particularly among those who are disproportionately affected.



For more information, see cdc.gov/cancer.