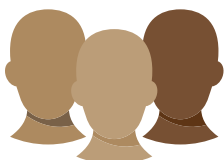


## Which U.S. Population Groups Experience Cancer Health Disparities?

According to the National Cancer Institute, cancer health disparities in the United States are adverse differences in cancer measures such as number of new cases, number of deaths, cancer-related health complications, survivorship and quality of life after cancer treatment, screening rates, and stage at diagnosis that exist among certain population groups including:

**Individuals belonging to different ancestry, race, or ethnicity**



**Individuals of low socioeconomic status**



**Individuals who lack or have limited health insurance coverage**



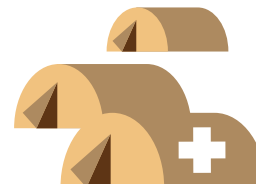
**Residents in certain U.S. geographic locations, such as rural areas, or territories, such as Puerto Rico and Guam**



**Members of the sexual and gender minority communities**



**Certain immigrants, refugees, or asylum seekers**



**Individuals with disabilities**



**Adolescents and young adults**



**Elderly**



It is important to note that some populations may carry even a higher burden of cancer because they simultaneously fall into more than one of these categories.